

# Logarithmic and Exponential Functions

## Question Paper 2

<b>Level</b>	International A Level
<b>Subject</b>	Maths
<b>Exam Board</b>	CIE
<b>Topic</b>	Logarithmic and Exponential Functions
<b>Sub Topic</b>	
<b>Booklet</b>	Question Paper 2

**Time Allowed:** 56 minutes

**Score:** /46

**Percentage:** /100

**Grade Boundaries:**

A*	A	B	C	D	E	U
>85%	77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

- 1 The parametric equations of a curve are

$$x = 1 + \sqrt{t}, \quad y = 3 \ln t.$$

- (i) Find the exact value of the gradient of the curve at the point  $P$  where  $y = 6$ . [5]
- (ii) Show that the tangent to the curve at  $P$  passes through the point  $(1, 0)$ . [3]

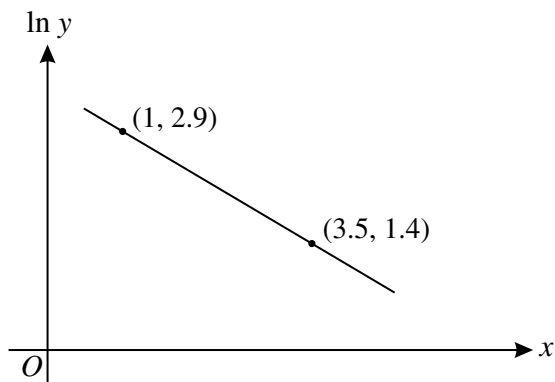
- 2 Solve the equation  $\ln(3 - 2x) - 2 \ln x = \ln 5$ . [5]

- 3 The variables  $x$  and  $y$  satisfy the equation  $5^{y+1} = 2^{3x}$ .

- (i) By taking logarithms, show that the graph of  $y$  against  $x$  is a straight line. [2]
- (ii) Find the exact value of the gradient of this line and state the coordinates of the point at which the line cuts the  $y$ -axis. [2]

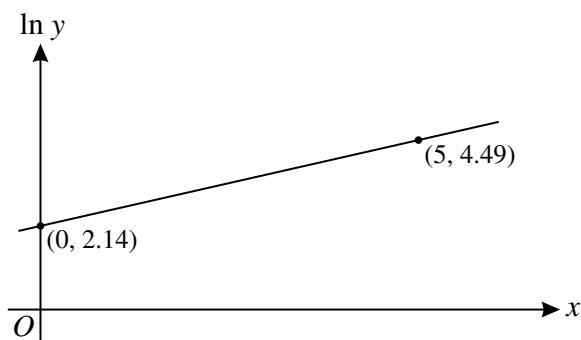
- 4 Use logarithms to solve the equation  $5^x = 3^{2x-1}$ , giving your answer correct to 3 significant figures. [4]

5



The variables  $x$  and  $y$  satisfy the equation  $y = A(b^{-x})$ , where  $A$  and  $b$  are constants. The graph of  $\ln y$  against  $x$  is a straight line passing through the points  $(1, 2.9)$  and  $(3.5, 1.4)$ , as shown in the diagram. Find the values of  $A$  and  $b$ , correct to 2 decimal places. [6]

6



The variables  $x$  and  $y$  satisfy the equation  $y = A(b^x)$ , where  $A$  and  $b$  are constants. The graph of  $\ln y$  against  $x$  is a straight line passing through the points  $(0, 2.14)$  and  $(5, 4.49)$ , as shown in the diagram. Find the values of  $A$  and  $b$ , correct to 1 decimal place. [5]

7 Solve the equation  $3^{2x} - 7(3^x) + 10 = 0$ , giving your answers correct to 3 significant figures. [5]

- 8 Use logarithms to solve the equation  $4^{x+1} = 5^{2x-3}$ , giving your answer correct to 3 significant figures. [4]
- 9 Solve the equation  $2 \ln(x + 3) - \ln x = \ln(2x - 2)$ . [5]