

Probability

Question Paper 9

Level	International A Level
Subject	Maths
Exam Board	CIE
Topic	Probability
Sub Topic	
Booklet	Question Paper 9

Time Allowed: 48 minutes

Score: / 40

Percentage: /100

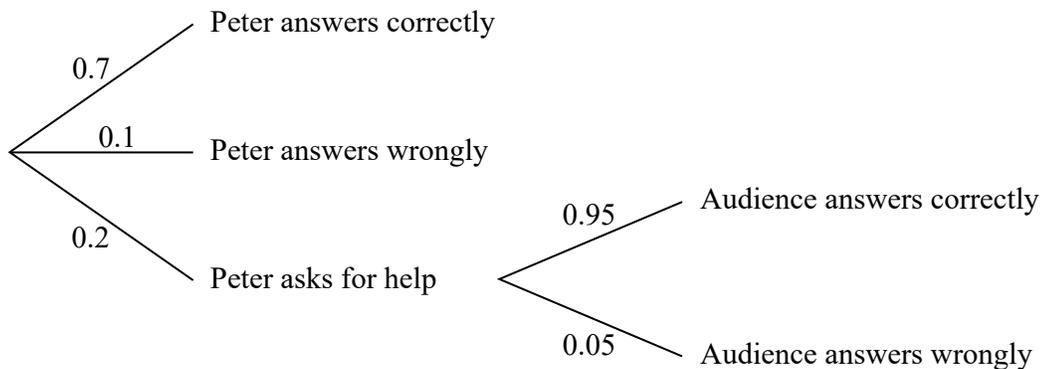
Grade Boundaries:

A*	A	B	C	D	E	U
>85%	'77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

1 In a television quiz show Peter answers questions one after another, stopping as soon as a question is answered wrongly.

- The probability that Peter gives the correct answer himself to any question is 0.7.
- The probability that Peter gives a wrong answer himself to any question is 0.1.
- The probability that Peter decides to ask for help for any question is 0.2.

On the first occasion that Peter decides to ask for help he asks the audience. The probability that the audience gives the correct answer to any question is 0.95. This information is shown in the tree diagram below.



(i) Show that the probability that the first question is answered correctly is 0.89. [1]

On the second occasion that Peter decides to ask for help he phones a friend. The probability that his friend gives the correct answer to any question is 0.65.

- (ii) Find the probability that the first two questions are both answered correctly. [6]
- (iii) Given that the first two questions were both answered correctly, find the probability that Peter asked the audience. [3]

2 Two fair twelve-sided dice with sides marked 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 are thrown, and the

numbers on the sides which land face down are noted. Events Q and R are defined as follows.

Q : the product of the two numbers is 24.

R : both of the numbers are greater than 8.

- (i) Find $P(Q)$. [2]
- (ii) Find $P(R)$. [2]
- (iii) Are events Q and R exclusive? Justify your answer. [2]
- (iv) Are events Q and R independent? Justify your answer. [2]

- 3 A bottle of sweets contains 13 red sweets, 13 blue sweets, 13 green sweets and 13 yellow sweets. 7 sweets are selected at random. Find the probability that exactly 3 of them are red. [3]
- 4 Christa takes her dog for a walk every day. The probability that they go to the park on any day is 0.6. If they go to the park there is a probability of 0.35 that the dog will bark. If they do not go to the park there is a probability of 0.75 that the dog will bark.
- (i) Find the probability that they go to the park on more than 5 of the next 7 days. [2]
 - (ii) Find the probability that the dog barks on any particular day. [2]
 - (iii) Find the variance of the number of times they go to the park in 30 days. [1]
- 5 At a zoo, rides are offered on elephants, camels and jungle tractors. Ravi has money for only one ride. To decide which ride to choose, he tosses a fair coin twice. If he gets 2 heads he will go on the elephant ride, if he gets 2 tails he will go on the camel ride and if he gets 1 of each he will go on the jungle tractor ride.
- (i) Find the probabilities that he goes on each of the three rides. [2]

The probabilities that Ravi is frightened on each of the rides are as follows:

elephant ride $\frac{6}{10}$, camel ride $\frac{7}{10}$, jungle tractor ride $\frac{8}{10}$.

- (ii) Draw a fully labelled tree diagram showing the rides that Ravi could take and whether or not he is frightened. [2]

Ravi goes on a ride.

- (iii) Find the probability that he is frightened. [2]
- (iv) Given that Ravi is **not** frightened, find the probability that he went on the camel ride. [3]

- 6 In country A 30% of people who drink tea have sugar in it. In country B 65% of people who drink tea have sugar in it. There are 3 million people in country A who drink tea and 12 million people in country B who drink tea. A person is chosen at random from these 15 million people.
- (i) Find the probability that the person chosen is from country A . [1]
- (ii) Find the probability that the person chosen does not have sugar in their tea. [2]
- (iii) Given that the person chosen does not have sugar in their tea, find the probability that the person is from country B . [2]