

# Binomial Expansion

## Question Paper 3

<b>Level</b>	International A Level
<b>Subject</b>	Maths
<b>Exam Board</b>	CIE
<b>Topic</b>	Series
<b>Sub Topic</b>	Binomial Expansion
<b>Booklet</b>	Question Paper 3

**Time Allowed:** 63 minutes

**Score:** /52

**Percentage:** /100

**Grade Boundaries:**

A*	A	B	C	D	E	U
>85%	'77.5%	70%	62.5%	57.5%	45%	<45%

- 1 The coefficient of  $x^2$  in the expansion of  $(k + \frac{1}{3}x)^5$  is 30. Find the value of the constant  $k$ . [3]
- 2 Find the coefficient of  $x$  in the expansion of  $(x + \frac{2}{x^2})^7$ . [3]
- 3 (i) Find the terms in  $x^2$  and  $x^3$  in the expansion of  $(1 - \frac{3}{2}x)^6$ . [3]  
(ii) Given that there is no term in  $x^3$  in the expansion of  $(k + 2x)(1 - \frac{3}{2}x)^6$ , find the value of the constant  $k$ . [2]
- 4 The coefficient of  $x^3$  in the expansion of  $(a + x)^5 + (1 - 2x)^6$ , where  $a$  is positive, is 90. Find the value of  $a$ . [5]
- 5 In the expansion of  $(1 + ax)^6$ , where  $a$  is a constant, the coefficient of  $x$  is  $-30$ . Find the coefficient of  $x^3$ . [4]
- 6 (i) Find the first 3 terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of  $x$ , of  $(1 - 2x^2)^8$ . [2]  
(ii) Find the coefficient of  $x^4$  in the expansion of  $(2 - x^2)(1 - 2x^2)^8$ . [2]
- 7 Find the term independent of  $x$  in the expansion of  $(x - \frac{1}{x^2})^9$ . [3]

8 (i) Find the first 3 terms in the expansion of  $\left(2x - \frac{3}{x}\right)^5$  in descending powers of  $x$ . [3]

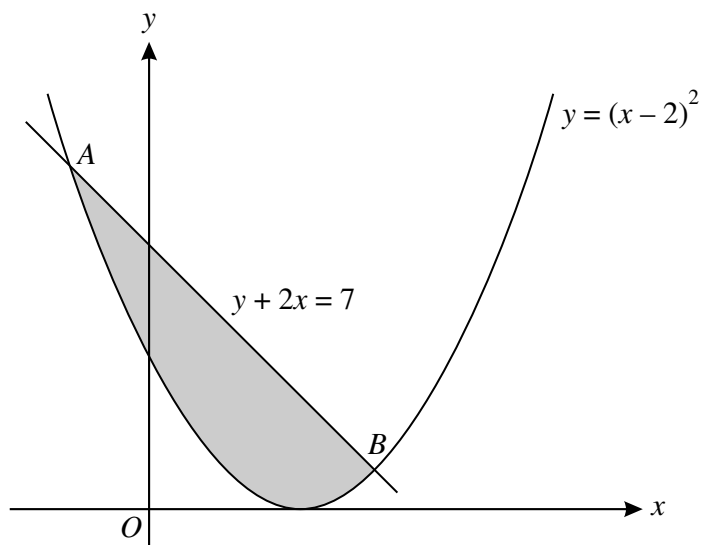
(ii) Hence find the coefficient of  $x$  in the expansion of  $\left(1 + \frac{2}{x^2}\right)\left(2x - \frac{3}{x}\right)^5$ . [2]

9 (i) Find the first 3 terms in the expansion of  $(1 + ax)^5$  in ascending powers of  $x$ . [2]

(ii) Given that there is no term in  $x$  in the expansion of  $(1 - 2x)(1 + ax)^5$ , find the value of the constant  $a$ . [2]

(iii) For this value of  $a$ , find the coefficient of  $x^2$  in the expansion of  $(1 - 2x)(1 + ax)^5$ . [3]

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The diagram shows the curve  $y = (x - 2)^2$  and the line  $y + 2x = 7$ , which intersect at points A and B. Find the area of the shaded region. [8]

11 (i) Find the first three terms, in descending powers of  $x$ , in the expansion of  $\left(x - \frac{2}{x}\right)^6$ . [3]

(ii) Find the coefficient of  $x^4$  in the expansion of  $(1 + x^2)\left(x - \frac{2}{x}\right)^6$ . [2]